



EV2206B05 Datasheet

V1.8

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Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1 SYSTEM INTRODUCTION	4
1.1 Functions.....	4
1.2 Mechanical Properties	5
1.3 Tech Specs	6
1.4 Recommended Compatible Software Tool	7
1.5 Power Supply.....	7
1.6 Description of Bootloader	7
CHAPTER 2 TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE	9
2.1 Electrical Characteristic Parameters.....	9
2.2 Electrical Performance Test Standards	10
2.3 Environmental Test Standards	11
2.4 EMC Test Standards	12
CHAPTER 3 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS	13

Chapter 1 System Introduction

VCU (Vehicle Control Unit) is the master controller for electric vehicles.

The VCU receives the driver's input signals, such as pedal signals, vehicle speed signals, gear signals, and other input signals. The VCU coordinates the motor, battery pack, and other accessory systems to meet the driving torque requirements. The VCU implements fault diagnosis and processing, vehicle status monitoring, vehicle mode conversion and other functions.

The VCU is the vehicle network control or main control unit based on CAN bus network.

1.1 Functions

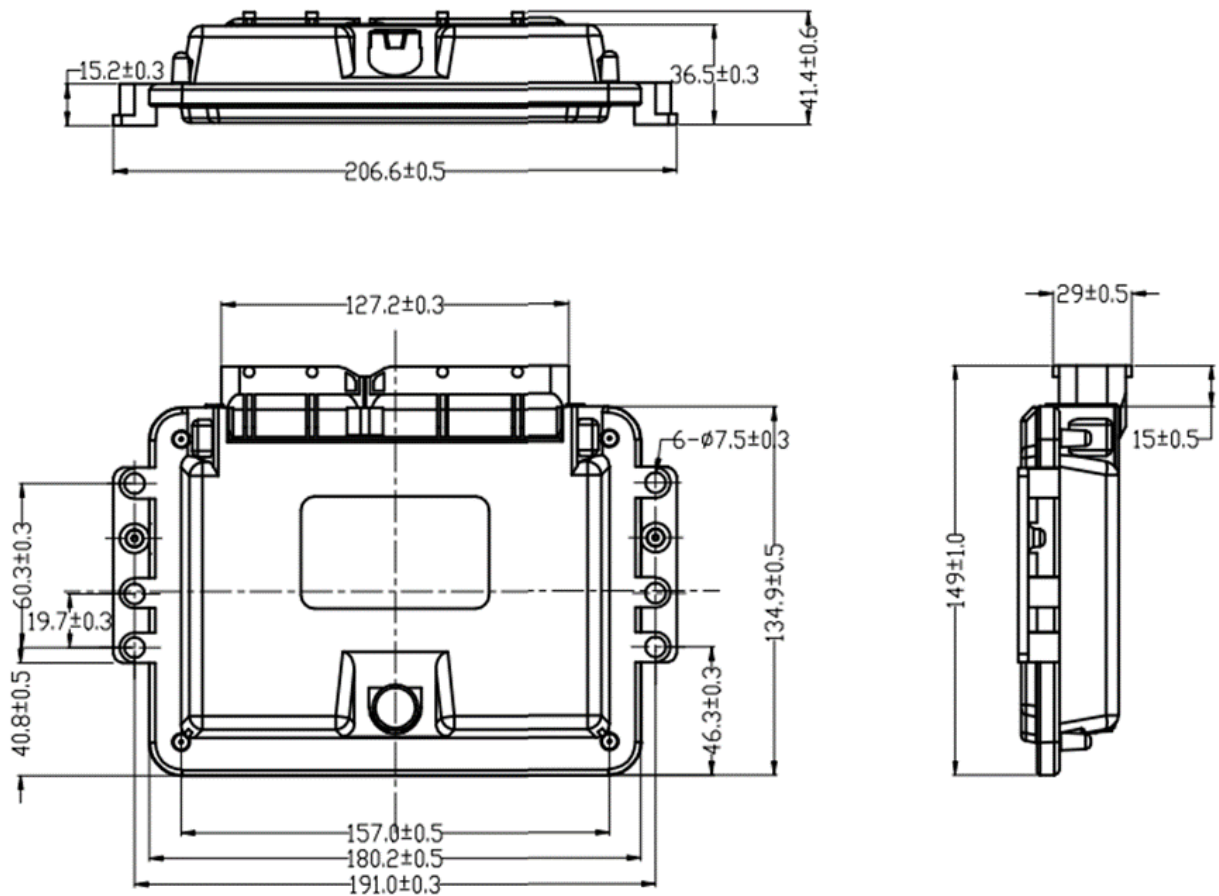
EV2206B05 has the following functions:

Feature
1 – key signal (KEYON)
2 – hardwired wake-up signal (DI_WAKEUP1, CC_WAKEUP)
2 – Power Supply Voltages (BATT)
2 – High/Low-Side Channel Power Supplies
4 – external 5V output
5 – CAN communication interface: CANA, CANB supports any frame wake-up
1 – LIN communication interface: supports wake-up
18 – Digital Input: 10 Active-Low, 8 Active-High
14 – Analog Input:
3 – channels 0~5V voltage type input
3 – channels 0~5V resistor type input
8 – channels 0~32V input
3 – Frequency signal input
10 – High-side output: 2 can be configured as PWM output
18 – Low-side output: 4 can be configured as PWM output
Hardware watchdog

1.2 Mechanical Properties

The housing of the VCU is die-cast aluminum and assembled with a silicone seal. There is no special treatment or plating on the outside of the housing, no sharp burrs, and sharp edges.

The nominal dimensions of the housing shape of the VCU are as follows (excluding the female end of the VCU connector, in mm):



The appearance of the housing is as follows:



Please use Torx T15 screwdriver to disassemble and assemble the housing.

The SCU housing is affixed with a product identification label containing the product identification code, including customer information, production date, batch number, serial number, etc.

1.3 Tech Specs

Feature	Detail
Micro Control Core	32-bit NXP SPC5606
Maximum Frequency	64MHz
Flash	1M
SRAM	80K
SPI Serial EEPROM	64K
Float Point Capability	Yes
SBC monitor Microprocessor	8-bit NXP S9S08SG16E1MTG

1.4 Recommended Compatible Software Tool

Controller Model	EV2206B05
Main Chip	NXP SPC56xx
Integrated Development Environment (IDE)	CodeWarrior for MPC55xx/MPC65xx v2.10
EcoCoder Version	EcoCoder-v2.9.12 R7 or higher
EcoFlash Version	EcoFlash-v1.1.6.7 or higher
EcoCAL Version	EcoCAL-v2.1.8.3 or higher

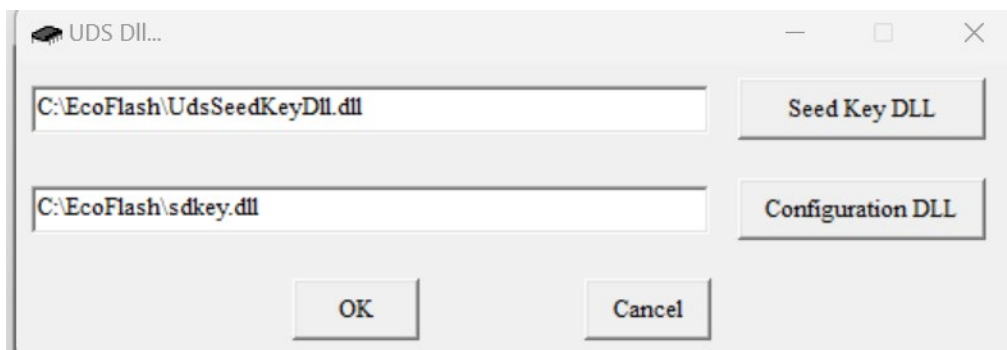
1.5 Power Supply

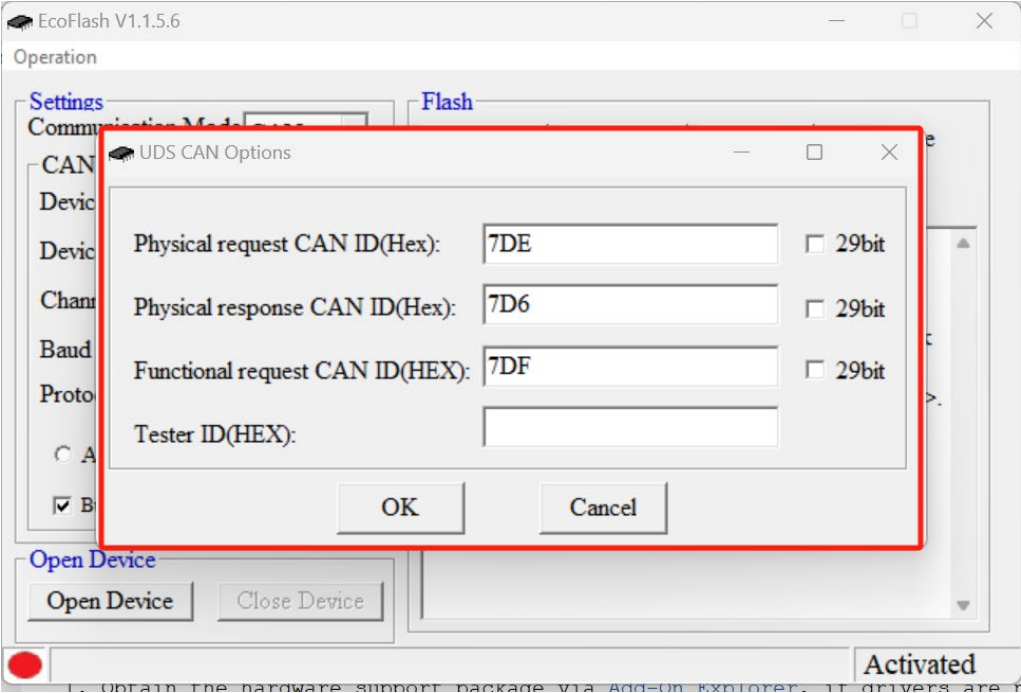
The EV2206B05 requires four continuous power supplies (**PIN1**, **PIN3**, **PIN116**, **PIN119**) to power up the VCU controlled by a key switch (**PIN59**).

A 5A fuse in series between **PIN1** and **PIN3**, and a 5A fuse in series between **PIN116** and **PIN119** are recommended for EV2206B05 power supply.

1.6 Description of Bootloader

The EV2206B05 bootloader supports the **UDS** protocol by factory default. Default parameters setting in EcoFlash are as below:





Chapter 2 Technical Performance

2.1 Electrical Characteristic Parameters

Characteristic	Design Specification
Operating Voltage	DC 12/24V (9~32V)
Operating Temperature	-40~85 °C
Operating Humidity	0~95%, no condensation
Storage Temperature	-40~85 °C
Quiescent Current	≤3mA
Rated Power Consumption	3W (not including load power)
Protection Level	IP67
Weight	≤700g
Dimensions	207×149×41mm
Housing Material	Die-Cast Aluminum
Housing Characteristics	Equipped with waterproof ventilation valve, good heat dissipation

2.2 Electrical Performance Test Standards

Item	Test Standard
DC Supply Voltage	ISO 16750-2
Overvoltage (12V, high temperature)	ISO 16750-2
Supply Voltage Ramp Down and Ramp Up	ISO 16750-2
AC Voltage Superposition Test	ISO 16750-2
Reverse Voltage	ISO 16750-2
Low Voltage Reset Feature	ISO 16750-2
Low Voltage Startup Feature	ISO 16750-2
Open Circuit Experiment - Single-Line Interruption	ISO 16750-2
Open Circuit Experiment - Multi-Line Interruption	ISO 16750-2
Short Circuit Protection	ISO 16750-2
Withstand Voltage	ISO 16750-2
Insulation Resistance	ISO 16750-2

2.3 Environmental Test Standards

Item	Test Standard
Waterproof (IP67)	IEC/EN 60529
Dustproof (IP67)	ISO 20653
Salt Spray Leak Function and Corrosion Test	ISO 16750-4
Mechanical Vibration Shock Test	ISO 16750-3
Vibration Test	ISO 16750-3
Drop Test	ISO 16750-3
Temperature Shock	ISO 16750-4
Electrical Operation at Cycling Ambient Temperatures	ISO 16750-4
High and Low Temperature Operation Experiment	ISO 16750-4
High and Low Temperature Experiment	ISO 16750-4
Temperature and Humidity Cycle	IEC 60068-2-30
Constant Temperature and Humidity	ISO 16750-4

2.4 EMC Test Standards

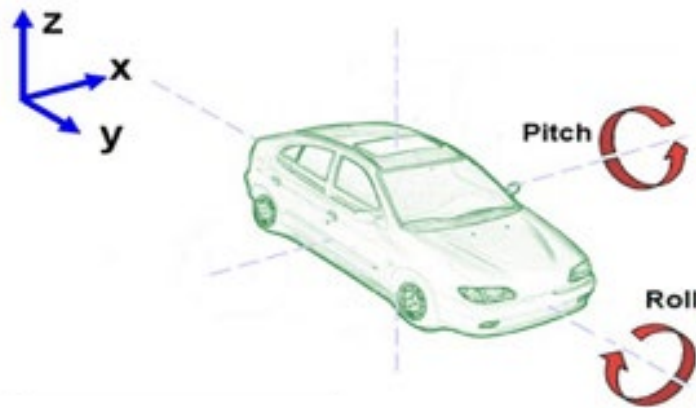
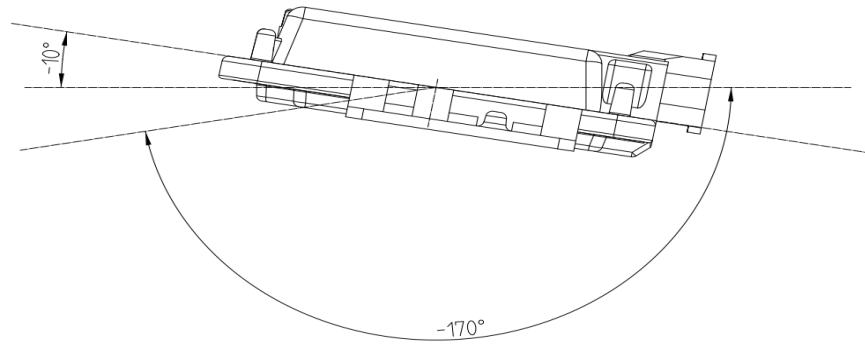
Item	Test Standard
Transient Conducted Emission	ISO 7637-2
Conducted Emission Experiment CE-V	CISPR25
Conducted Emission Experiment CE-C	CISPR25
Radiation Emission Experiment RE-ALSE Method	CISPR25
Radiation Immunity Test (I/O)-ICC Method	ISO 7637-3
Radiated Immunity Test BCI-substitution Method	ISO 11452-4
Radiation Immunity Experiment RI	ISO 11452-2
Low Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity	ISO 11452-8
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	ISO 10605

Chapter 3 Installation Requirements

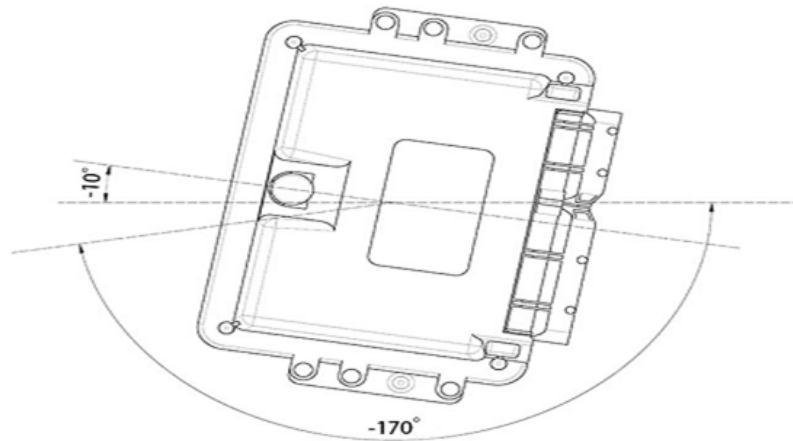
It is recommended to install the VCU in the cockpit. If the OEM wants to assemble the VCU in another location, Ecotron's engineers and the OEM's engineers should evaluate the corresponding installation location together.

Precautions for VCU installation are as follows:

- 1) The installation of VCU and harness shall be firm and reliable without looseness, and please avoid supporting the harness through VCU. At the same time, the layout of VCU harness shall prevent and protect all wires in the harness from damage due to wear and overheating.
- 2) Try to avoid installing it in the place where dust is easy to gather. A large amount of dust accumulation will affect the reliability of VCU work.
- 3) It shall be kept away from the position where the temperature of its shell may exceed 85 ° C as far as possible, and the heat released by surrounding parts shall be prevented from radiating to VCU.
- 4) Avoid installing VCU in places where oil, moisture and water droplets are easy to splash.
- 5) Avoid the possibility of additional mechanical vibration and external force impact due to the installation position and fixing method of VCU and avoid installing VCU at the resonance point of vehicle body.
- 6) Avoid installing the VCU near the parts that may contact the battery or other acid-base solutions that are easy to seep out, and the places where the VCU is easy to be corroded.
- 7) Avoid installing the VCU near the positive terminal of the battery and the terminal of the ignition power supply.
- 8) The VCU shall be installed at a certain angle to avoid the inflow of water from the connector. In the horizontal direction, the recommended installation angle is - 170 ° to - 10 °. In the vertical direction, the recommended installation angle is - 170 ° ~ - 10 °. As shown in the figure below.



Z Axis : Vertical Direction
X Y Axes : Horizontal Direction



ECOTRON recommends using the six mounting holes on the VCU for installation. It is recommended to use metal materials such as aluminum alloy for the mounting bracket. The housing should have a reliable electrical connection with the vehicle body through the bracket.

If other materials are used, the customer must ensure that they can meet the requirements of VCU for vibration, heat dissipation, temperature, EMC, etc. If there is any deviation, it needs to be confirmed with ECOTRON.

The VCU connects to the ground through the vehicle's body. The specific requirement is to directly connect the ground wire in the wiring harness to the vehicle's body and ensure reliable electrical connections.